with us you are growing goodness



MERIDIAN AGROCHEMICAL COMPANY (PTY) LTD P.O. Box 436, Modderfontein, 1645, SOUTH AFRICA

Tel +27 11 822 8509 | Fax +27 11 822 3494 | E-mail info@agritech.co.za | www.intelichem.co.za | www.agritech.co.za

REG NO: 2000/010819/07 **VAT NO:** 4120189206

Safety Data Sheet

PRONTO 250 EC L7602 (Act No 36 of 1947)

| Product name: | PRONTO 250 EC |
|--|--|
| Other means of identification: | Difenoconazole 250 g/L EC |
| Chemical Name: | cis,trans-3-chloro-4-[4-methyl-2-(1H-1,2,4- |
| | triazol1ylmethyl)-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]phenyl 4-chlorophenyl |
| | ether (IUPAC) |
| Recommended use: | Fungicide |
| Restrictions on use: | Agriculture |
| UN No: | 3082 |
| Distributed by: | MERIDIAN AGRITECH |
| | P O BOX 436 |
| | MODDERFONTEIN |
| | TEL 011 8228509 FAX 0866901386 |
| | MOBILE: 0834006056 www.agritech.co.za |
| Emergency Number: | POISON CENTRE (UNITAS HOSPITAL) |
| | 012 664 1100 TVGERREDG:024 024 6420 |
| | TYGERBERG:021 931 6129 |
| O) II A ZA DDO IDENTIFICATION | RED CROSS 021 689 5227 |
| 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION | Acuta Taricita (Oral) Oct |
| Classification of the substance/mixture: | Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4 |
| | Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Category 4 Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 3 |
| | Skin Irritation Category 3 |
| | Eye Damage Category 1 |
| | Aspiration Hazard Category 1 |
| | Aquatic Acute Category 1 |
| | Aquatic Chronic Category 1 |
| Label Elements: | Pictograms: |
| | Signal words: Danger Hazard Statements: H302: Harmful if swallowed. H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315: Causes skin irritation. H318: Causes serious eye damage. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H400: Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| | H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects. H413: May cause long-lasting harmful effects to aquatic life Precautionary Statements: P201: Obtain special instructions before use. |

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260: Do not breathe vapours/mist/spray/fumes.

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. **P270:** Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.
P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed

out of the workplace.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection.

P321: Specific treatment (See First aid measures on this label)

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405: Store locked up.

According to Directive 67/548/EEC No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard Symbol(s):

Xn – dangerous to health

Xi - Irritant

N – dangerous for the environment

R-phrase(s):

R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

R37/38: Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

S-phrase(s):

S2: Keep out of reach of children.

\$13: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs

\$20/21: When using, do not eat drink or smoke.

S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S60: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

S61: Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

S62: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

| Chemical name | Concentration | CAS No. | EC No. | Classification according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP) |
|---|---------------|-------------|-----------|---|
| Difenoconazole | 250 g/L | 119446-68-3 | 601-613-1 | Acute Tox 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) |
| Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate | <2% | 26264-06-2 | 247-557-8 | Acute Tox 4 (H302) Skin Irrit 2 (H315) Eye Dam 1 (H318) Aquatic Chronic 4 (H413) |
| Hexanol | <10% | 111-27-3 | 203-852-3 | Acute Tox 4 (H302) |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aroma. | 53% | 64742-94-5 | 265-198-5 | Asp Tox 1 (H304) |

4) FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-Aid Measures:

Inhalation:

Remove patient to fresh air. Loosen clothing around neck. Lie down and keep warm and rested. If breathing is shallow or has stopped ensure airway is clear and apply resuscitation. **Seek medical assistance immediately.**

Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of Skin contact: water. Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash affected areas with soap and water. Do not rub skin. Persons providing first aid must wear gloves to avoid selfcontamination. Seek medical assistance if irritation occurs. Eye contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes holding eyelids open if necessary. Seek medical assistance immediately. Ingestion: Repeatedly administer medicinal charcoal in a large quantity of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. For advice, contact the National Poisons Centre. Seek medical assistance immediately. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Indication of any immediate medical attention and No specific antidote known. Treat symptomatically. special treatment needed: Repeatedly administer medicinal charcoal in a large quantity of water. 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES Dry chemical, foam or standard foam. A fine water spray can **Extinguishing Media:** be used for larger fires or for cooling unaffected stock. Do not use high volume water jet, due to contamination risk. **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Generates poisonous fumes containing carbon monoxide, Specific Hazards arising from the substance/mixture: nitrogen oxides and hydrochloric acid. Keep cool as heated vapours may explode. UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Combustion products are toxic and/or irritant. Remove spectators from surrounding area. Isolate the fire Fire Fighting: area and evacuate downwind. Use a recommended extinguishing agent for the type of surrounding fire. For small fire: If the area is heavily exposed to fire and if conditions permit, let the fire burn itself out since water may increase the area contaminated. Fight fire from maximum distance and use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles. Contain fire control agents for later disposal. Avoid inhaling hazardous vapours and fumes from burning materials. Keep upwind. Remove container from fire area if possible and without risk. Water can be used to cool unaffected containers but must be contained for later disposal. Do not scatter the material. Avoid pollution of waterways. Avoid accumulation of polluted run-off from the site. Contain fire control water for later disposal. Protective clothing: Full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe in spray Personal precautions, protective equipment and or fumes. For personal protection see Section 8. emergency procedures: Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not contaminate waterways, drains and groundwater. If **Environmental precautions:** contamination of waterways, drains, rivers or lakes is unavoidable, warn the local authorities (Police and Department of Water/Environmental affairs) immediately. Considered as Marine Pollutant. Wear protective clothing. Clear area of unprotected Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: personnel. Contain and absorb liquid spills with an inert material such as sand, soil, diatomaceous earth etc., remove by scoop or vacuum. Use approved industrial vacuum cleaner for removal and place in specially marked waste containers. Wash area with water and detergent and

absorb with further inert material. Heavily contaminated soil

| TV HANDLING & CTODAGE | layers should be reway. If spill does eauthority. Spilled particles disposed of by incompaste disposal factories they should be disposal. | enter waterways product cannot l ineration or dispility. If containe | contact the I be re-used ar posed of at a ers cannot be | ocal ad must be chemical recycled, |
|---|--|--|--|------------------------------------|
| 7) HANDLING & STORAGE | Avaid alsia and av | | halatian af an | . was a waint |
| Precautions for Safe Handling: | Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of spray mist. Avoid inhalation of fog and vapours. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges (transfer operations: check grounding). May form explosive vapour-air mixtures. Spills may be slippery and should be cleaned up immediately. APPROVED HANDLER: This product must be under the control of an approved handler when applied in a wide dispersive manner; or used by a commercial contractor. BEWARE: Spray drift hazard. Apply this product carefully. Spray drift may cause serious damage to other desirable plants. | | | |
| Conditions for Safe Storage, including any incompatibilities: | Store in original container tightly closed and in a locked, dry, cool area away from foodstuffs, fertilisers and seeds. Keep away from children or uninformed persons. | | | |
| 8) EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION | Troop away nome | indicit of dimin | omica porcor | |
| Appropriate Engineering Controls: | It is essential to provide adequate ventilation. The measures appropriate for a particular work site depend on how this material is used and on the extent of exposure. Ensure that control systems are properly designed and maintained. Comply with occupational safety, environmental fire, and other applicable regulations. Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be limited. If airborne mists or vapours are generated, use local exhaust ventilation controls. Assess exposure and use any additional measures to keep airborne levels below any relevant exposure limit. | | | |
| Control Parameters: Occupational exposure limits: | Ingredient Difenoconazole Solvent | CAS# 119446-68- 3 64742-94-5 | Limit 5 mg/m ³ 8 ppm | Basis TWA (Syngenta) TWA |
| | naphtha (petroleum), heavy aroma. | | 50 mg/m ³ | |
| PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Clothing: | | | | |
| | Employee must wear appropriate protective (impervious) clothing and equipment to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact with this substance. Respiratory protection: Respirator with filter for organic vapour. | | | |
| Gloves: | Employee must wear appropriate chemical-resistant gloves to prevent contact with this substance. The use of safety goggles with side shields is recommended | | | |
| Eye protection: | The use of safety | yoggies with sid | ue snieids is f | ecommenaed. |
| Emergency eye wash: | Where there is any possibility that an employee's eyes may be exposed to this substance, the employer should provide an eye wash fountain or appropriate alternative within the immediate work area for emergency use. | | | |
| | immediate work a | | | |
| 9) PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES | | - | | |
| Form: | Liquid | | | |
| Form: Colour: | Liquid Yellow to brown | ada | | |
| Form: Colour: Odour: | Liquid Yellow to brown Mild characteristic | | | |
| Form: Colour: Odour: Solubility: | Liquid Yellow to brown Mild characteristic Emulsifies in wate | | | |
| Form: Colour: Odour: Solubility: pH: | Liquid Yellow to brown Mild characteristic Emulsifies in wate 4 - 8 | | | |
| Form: Colour: Odour: Solubility: pH: Odour threshold: | Liquid Yellow to brown Mild characteristic Emulsifies in wate 4 - 8 Not available | r | | |
| Form: Colour: Odour: Solubility: pH: | Liquid Yellow to brown Mild characteristic Emulsifies in wate 4 - 8 | r conazole) | e) | |
| Form: Colour: Odour: Solubility: pH: Odour threshold: Melting point / Freezing point | Liquid Yellow to brown Mild characteristic Emulsifies in wate 4 - 8 Not available 82 - 83°C (Difeno | r conazole) | e) | |

| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available |
|---|--|
| Upper/ lower flammability or explosive limits: | Not available |
| Vapour pressure: | 3.3 x 10 ⁻⁵ mPa @ 25°C (Difenoconazole) |
| Vapour density: | Not available |
| Relative density: | 0.99 |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Log Kow 4.4 (Difenoconazole) |
| Auto-ignition temperature: | Not available |
| Decomposition Temperature: | Not available |
| Viscosity: | Not available |
| 10) STABILITY & REACTIVITY | No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as indicated. |
| Reactivity: | No nazardous reactions if stored and nandled as indicated. |
| Chemical Stability: | When stored appropriately this product should show no significant degradation for 2 years from the date of manufacture. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions: | None known. |
| Conditions to avoid: | Avoid very high or low temperatures. Protect from light, humidity and frost. |
| Incompatible materials: | Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition product(s): | Heating can release vapours which can be ignited. Combustion products are toxic and/or irritant. |
| 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION | T |
| Acute Toxicity: Difenoconazole Oral: | LD ₅₀ > 1400 mg/kg, rat. |
| Dermal: | LD ₅₀ > 1400 mg/kg, rat. LD ₅₀ > 2 000 mg/kg, rabbit. |
| Inhalation: | LC ₅₀ (4h) > 3.3 mg/L, rat. |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation: | Mild irritant, rabbit. |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: | May cause severe irritation and may cause damage. |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: | Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity: | Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. |
| Carcinogenicity: | No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies |
| Reproductive Toxicity: | No toxicity to reproduction |
| STOT-SE: | No data available. |
| STOT-RE: | No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests |
| Aspiration Hazard: | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Ecotoxicity: Difenoconazole | |
| Birds: | Oral LD ₅₀ (9-11d) Japanese quail: > 2000 mg/kg. Mallard |
| | ducks: > 2150 mg/kg. |
| Fish: | LC ₅₀ (96 hours) Rainbow trout: 0.81 mg/l. Bluegill sunfish: 1.2 |
| B. J. J. | mg/l. |
| Daphnia: Algae: | LC ₅₀ (48 hours) 0.77 mg/l. EC ₅₀ (72 h) for <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i> 0.032-1.2 mg/l. |
| Worms: | LC50 for earthworms > 610 mg/kg dry soil. |
| Bees: | LD50 (oral): > 18 μg/bee. LC50 (contact): > 100 μg/bee. |
| Persistence and Degradability: | Soil dissipation rate is slow and dependent on application |
| , | rate; DT ₅₀ 3 mo-1 y. Hydrolytically stable at pH 5-9 (25 °C). |
| | Undergoes indirect photolysis in (sterile) natural water; DT ₅₀ |
| | 4.6 d. In standard lab. water-sediment systems (n=2) in the |
| | dark, rapid dissipation from the water, DT ₅₀ 1–3 d, but slow degradation in whole system, DT ₅₀ c . 8 mo. |
| Bio-accumulative Potential: | No evidence for accumulation. |
| Mobility in Soil: | Practically immobile in soil, strong adsorption to soil particles |
| | (mean adsorption coefficient normalised to organic carbon, K _{oc,ads} 4545 ml/g), low potential to leach below top soil layer. |
| 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS | T |
| Waste Disposal: | In accordance with local and national regulations. Must be incinerated in a suitable incineration plant holding a permit delivered by the competent authorities. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by disposal. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved chemicals waste disposal facility. |
| Container Disposal: | Refer to the product label for instructions. |
| · | Container Refilling and Disposal: |
| | If the container is to be refilled, do not rinse with any material or introduce any pesticide other than this product. DO NO REUSE THE CONTAINER FOR ANY OTHER |
| | PURPOSE. |

| | Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. |
|---|--|
| 14) TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION | |
| Road Transport ADR / IRD: | UN NUMBER: 3082 UN Proper Shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. |
| | (Difenoconazole) Transport Hazard Class: 9 |
| | Packaging group: III Labelling no: 9 |
| | Environmental Hazards: Not applicable Special Precautions for User: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Maritime Transport IMDG / IMO: | UN NUMBER: 3082 UN Proper Shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Difenoconazole) Transport Hazard Class: 9 Packaging group: III Labelling no: 9 Environmental Hazards: Marine Pollutant Special Precautions for User: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Air Transport ICAO / IATA: | UN NUMBER: 3082 UN Proper Shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Difenoconazole) Transport Hazard Class: 9 Packaging group: III Labelling no: 9 Environmental Hazards: Not applicable Special Precautions for User: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Transport in Bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): | No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code. |
| 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION | |
| Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation | For the user of this plant-protective product applies: 'To |
| specific for the substance/mixture: | avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.' (Directive 1999/45/EC, Article 10, No. 1.2) |
| Chemical Safety Assessment: | Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet. |
| 16) OTHER INFORMATION | |

16) OTHER INFORMATION

All information and instructions provided in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) are based on the current state of scientific and technical knowledge at the date indicated on the present SDS and are presented in good faith and believed to be correct. This information applies to the product as such. In case of new formulations or mixes, it is necessary to ascertain that a new danger will not appear.

It is the responsibility of persons in receipt of this SDS to ensure that the information contained herein is properly read and understood by all people who may use, handle, dispose or in any way come in contact with this product. If the recipient subsequently produces formulation(s) containing this product, it is the recipient's sole responsibility to ensure the transfer of all relevant information from this SDS to their own SDS.

The information contained herein is provided in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. A properly trained person using this product intends this document only as a guide to the appropriate handling of the material. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose.

MERIDIAN AGRITECH MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSES OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANT ABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. ACCORDINGLY, MERIDIAN AGRITECH (PTY) LTD WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM USE OF OR RELIANCE UPON THIS INFORMATION.

Date of issue: 04/10/2010

Date of revision: 28/04/2016, 19/01/2021

Abbreviations and acronyms:

- 1. CAS number: Chemical Abstracts Service number.
- 2. CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.

- LD₅₀: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population.
- LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration for 50% of the test population. 4.
- DT₅₀: Half-life. 5.
- 6. GHS: Globally Harmonised System (of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals).
- 7. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity8. SE: Single exposure
- 9. RE: Repeated exposure
- 10. TWA: Time-weighted Average

Literature References:

- GHS: www.ccohs.ca/oshanswers/chemicals/ghs.html
- ECHA: https://echa.europa.eu/search-chemicals