



SCORP

BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT, READ THE LABEL CAREFULLY

SCORP

HERBICIDE

Reg . No. L7764, Act/Wet No. 36 of/van 1947
1: 23/08/2005

An emulsifiable concentrate selective, systemic post emergence herbicide for the control of annual grasses in crops as indicated.

'n Emulgeerbare konsentraat sistemiese, na-opkoms onkruiddoder vir die beheer van eenjarige grasse in gewasse soos aangedui.

HRAC HERBICIDE GROUP CODE	A	HRAC ONKRUIDDODERGROEPKODE
ACTIVE INGREDIENT / AKTIEWE BESTANDDEEL		
Haloxyfop-R-methyl ester (pyridinyl-oxyphenoxy compound)	108 g/l	Haloksifop-R-metielester (piridiniel-oksifenoksieverbinding)

Meridian
agritech

Registration Holder / Registrasiehouer
Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd. / (Edms.) Bpk.
Reg. No. 2000/010819/07
P.O. Box / Posbus 436, Modderfontein, 1645, South Africa / Suid-Afrika

Distributed by / Versprei deur

5L

UN Number: 3082

CAUTION / VERSIGTIG

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ENCLOSED
Batch Number
Date of manufacture
REFER TO DETAILS AS PRINTED
ON CONTAINER / BAG

VERWYS NA BESONDERRHEDEN
SOOS OP HOUER / SAK GEDRUK

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS INGESLOUT
Lotnommer
Datum van vervaardiging

WARNINGS

Withholding periods: (Minimum number of days between last application and harvest)

Lucerne and clover.....	28 days
Dry beans.....	60 days
Other crops.....	40 days

- Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or upon contact with eyes or skin.
- Toxic to fish.
- **FLAMMABLE** – Do not store or open container near open flame.
- Store in a cool place.
- Store away from food, feed, fertilizer and other agricultural products.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.
- **SCORP** has been tested on the most important commercial cultivars without any phytotoxic effects. More susceptible cultivars may be released in future which need to be tested; for this apply **SCORP** to a limited test area before commercial applications are made.
- **Aerial application:** Notify all inhabitants in the immediate vicinity of the area to be sprayed and issue the necessary warnings. Do not apply over water bodies and ensure that spray drift will not contaminate areas under treatment.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be effective under all conditions. The activity and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the weed against the remedy, as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal, or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure by the user to follow the label instructions, or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS

- Wear rubber gloves and face shield when handling the concentrate.
- Avoid contact with skin and eyes by wearing protective clothing when mixing the product.
- Wash with soap and water after use and accidental skin contact, as well as contaminated clothing.
- In case of eye contact, immediately flush with water.
- Wash contaminated clothing after use.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while mixing or applying the product or before washing hands and face.
- Do not inhale spray mist and avoid contact with spray.
- Avoid drift of spray onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams and areas not under treatment.
- Dispose of wash water where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, rivers, dams and boreholes.
- Prevent contamination of food, feeds, drinking water and eating utensils.
- Destroy the empty container and do not use for any other purpose.

RESISTANCE WARNING

For resistance management, **SCORP** is a group code A herbicide. Any weed population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **SCORP** and other group code A herbicides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by **SCORP** or any other group code A herbicide.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of herbicides from the same herbicide group code. Alternate, or tank mix with, registered products from different herbicide group codes.
- Integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into weed control programmes.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

The presence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use and, therefore, neither the Registration Holder nor the Distributor can accept responsibility for any losses as a result of **SCORP** not controlling resistant weeds. Do not apply **SCORP** alone in situations where weed resistance has been confirmed.

Sub-standard application of **SCORP** or other acetyl CoA carboxylase inhibitor herbicides will lead to inferior weed control and may assist in development of herbicide resistance.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- **SCORP** breaks down quickly in the soil and should not pose a threat to follow-up crops but maize, sorghum, wheat or any other grass crop should not be planted on treated soil for a period of 3 months after application in the case of a failed broadleaf crop.
- Rain or irrigation within 1 hour of **SCORP** application may result in reduced efficacy on emerged weeds necessitating a follow-up spray.
- Do not apply to crops and weeds stressed by abnormal weather or growing conditions, drought, waterlogged soil, insect damage, nematode infections, diseases, nutritional deficiencies or crops under stress through prior use of other agrochemicals.
- Do not use **SCORP** on crops which already show symptoms of soil borne diseases as the combination of disease and **SCORP** application may result in stand loss.
- Temporary chlorotic spots may occasionally appear on crop leaves, especially if application is followed by very cold/unseasonal weather conditions. Under favourable growing conditions, the crop will recover quickly and yield and quality should not be affected.
- Do not apply **SCORP** to any crop or situation not mentioned in this instruction leaflet.
- Only apply **SCORP** using an accurate and safe application technique.
- The crop may be treated at any time when the weeds are in the correct stage, providing that the withholding periods are adhered to.
- Grass weeds must be actively growing and not under drought stress during application as this can limit uptake and translocation. For annual grasses best results are obtained when they are at the 2 - 6 leaf stage while with *Paspalum* spp. best results are obtained when application is made at the early flowering stage.
- Do not use **SCORP** in tank mixture with **Equate SL**.
- Do not apply by aerial application if the neighbouring crops are grain crops or grass pastures.
- Allow an interval of at least 14 days between application of **SCORP** and any other herbicide.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Use only as directed.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Half-fill the spray tank with suitable water. **SCORP** is most effective when spray water is buffered to a pH of 4.5 – 5.5. The volume of buffer used must be included in the total water volume prior to adding the **SCORP**. Then add the required volume of **SCORP** to the water in the tank while agitating followed by the required quantity of adjuvant. Finally, add the partner remedy as appropriate. Fill the spray tank to the desired volume. Agitate the mixture to ensure good mixing prior to application. Should tank mixtures with other agrochemicals be made, follow the respective manufacturers' label recommendations.

Tank mixtures must be sprayed out immediately and not allowed to stand in the spray tank overnight. Spraying equipment must be thoroughly flushed out at the end of the spraying operation.

COMPATIBILITY

The compatibility of **SCORP** with other products depends on the formulations of the respective products as well as the quality of the spray water to be used. As formulations change from time to time it is recommended that a physical compatibility test be done prior to the tank mixture being made. Do not use **SCORP** in combination with **Equate SL** (L 7158).

APPLICATION METHODS

Ensure that the equipment is correctly calibrated and is checked regularly during application to ensure even and accurate application.

Ground application

Knapsack sprayers or tractor mounted boom sprayers may be used. A spray volume of 200 – 400 l/ha should be used for ground application and can be applied via solid- or hollow cone nozzles. **Constant agitation throughout the spray operation is essential.** Only clean water should be used. Prevent overdosing by avoiding overlapping of swaths and closing the nozzles while starting, slow movement, turning and stopping.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Aerial application may only be done by a registered aerial application operator using a registered and correctly calibrated aircraft according to the instructions of SANS 10118 (Aerial Application of Agricultural Remedies). It is important to ensure that the spray mixture is distributed evenly over the target area and that the loss of spray material during application is restricted to a minimum. It is therefore essential that the following criteria be met;

Equipment

- Use suitable atomising equipment (hydraulic nozzles or rotary atomisers) that will produce the desired droplet size and coverage of the target area and will ensure the minimum loss of product through drift.
- The operator must use a nozzle set-up that will produce a droplet spectrum with the lowest possible relative span.
- All nozzles and atomisers should be positioned within the inner 75% of the wingspan to prevent droplets from entering the wingtip vortices.

Application Parameters

- A minimum volume of 50 l spray mixture per ha is recommended. As this product has not been evaluated at a reduced volume rate, the registration holder cannot guarantee efficacy nor be held responsible for any adverse effects if this product is applied aerially at a lower volume rate than recommended.
- A droplet coverage of 40 – 50 droplets per sq cm must be recovered at the target.
- A droplet spectrum with a VMD of 250 – 350 microns is recommended. Ensure that the production of fine droplets, with a VMD less than 150 microns, is restricted to a minimum.
- The height of the spray boom should be maintained at between 3 and 4m above the target.
- Do not spray when the aircraft is in a climb, at the top of a turn or during a dive or when banking.
- Apply before the crop growth becomes too dense, which will interfere with overall plant coverage.

Meteorological Conditions

- The difference between the wet and dry bulb readings as determined by a whirling hygrometer, must not exceed 8 °C.
- Do not spray under turbulent, unstable conditions nor during the heat of the day when rising thermals and downdraughts occur.
- Do not spray under temperature inversion conditions (spraying in or above the inversion layer).
- Do not spray when the wind speed exceeds 15 km per hour.

General

- Ensure that fields are accurately marked and that the aerial spray operator knows exactly which fields to spray.
- Obtain an assurance from the aerial spray operator that the above requirements will be met.

RECOMMENDATIONS

CROP	WEED SPECIES	RATE OF SCORP PER HECTARE
	<i>Avena fatua</i> (Common wild oats) <i>Lolium temulentum</i> (Darnel) <i>Phalaris minor</i> (Little seeded canary grass)	0.375
Canola, deciduous fruit, dry beans, grapes, lupins (sweet and bitter), lucerne/medics, pineapples, tobacco and vegetables.	<i>Bromus diandrus</i> (Ripgut brome) <i>Bromus japonicus</i> (Brome grass) <i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> (Crab-finger grass) <i>Eleusine indica</i> (Goose grass) <i>Echinochloa colona</i> (Marsh grass) <i>Triticum aestivum</i> (Volunteer wheat) <i>Urochloa panicoides</i> (Herringbone grass)	0.5
	<i>Panicum schinzii</i> (Sweet buffalo grass)	0.75
	<i>Panicum maximum</i> (Guinea grass)	1.0
	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> (Common Paspalum) <i>Paspalum paspaloides</i> (Couch Paspalum) <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> (Tall Paspalum)	1.5
	<i>Setaria megaphylla</i> (Bush buffalo grass)	4.0

Remarks

- Crop and weeds must be actively growing and in suitable growth stages at the time of application.
- Always add a non-ionic surfactant such as Solitaire to the recommended application rate of **SCORP**.
- For grass weeds with irregular germination, apply once when grass weeds first appear at their required growth stage and then apply a second time when grasses appear again at their required growth stage.
- Grasses, which propagate by seed, are usually well controlled, whereas grasses, which propagate via stolons or rhizomes, are not always well controlled. For these grasses, the highest rate of application should be used and follow-up treatments may be required.

WAARSKUWINGS

Onthoudingsperiodes: (Minimum aantal dae tussen laaste toediening en oes).

Lusern en klawer.....	28 dae
Droëbone.....	60 dae
Ander gewasse.....	40 dae

- Skadelik indien ingesluk of deur kontak met vel of oë.
- Giftig vir visse.
- **VLAMBAAR** – bêre weg van oop vlamme en moenie houer naby vlamme oopmaak nie.
- Bêre in 'n koel plek.
- Bêre weg van voedsel, voer, kunsmis en ander landbouprodukte.
- Hou buite bereik van kinders, oningesigte persone en diere.
- **SCORP** is sonder enige fitotoksiese kade op die mees belangrikste kommersiële kultivars getoets. Meer vatbare kultivars mag in die toekoms vrygestel word wat eers getoets moet word; hiervoor moet **SCORP** eers op 'n klein toetsoppervlakte aangewend word, alvorens groot kommersiële bespuitings gemaak word.
- **Lugtoediening:** Stel al die inwoners in die onmiddellike omgewing van die gebied wat gespuit gaan word in kennis en reik die nodige waarskuwings uit.

Alhoewel hierdie middel omvattend onder 'n groot verskeidenheid toestande getoets is, waarborg die registrasiehouer nie dat dit onder alle toestande doeltreffend sal wees nie. Die werking en doeltreffenheid daarvan kan beïnvloed word deur faktore soos abnormale grond-, klimaats- en bergingstoestande, kwaliteit van die verdunningswater, verenigbaarheid met ander stowwe wat nie op die etiket aangedui word nie en die vooroms van weerstand van die onkruid teen die betrokke middel sowel as die tyd, metode en akkuraatheid van toediening. Verder aanvaar die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelikheid vir skade aan gewasse, plantegroei en die omgewing of nadelige invloed op mens of dier of vir 'n gebrek aan prestasie van die betrokke middel as gevolg van versium van die gebruiker om etiketaanwysings na te kom, of as gevolg van die ontstaan van toestande wat nie kragtens die registrasie voorsien kon word nie.
Raadpleeg die verskaffer in die geval van enige onsekerheid.

VOORSORGMAATREËLS

- Dra rubberhandskoene en 'n gesigskerm wanneer die konsentraat hanteer word.
- Vermy kontak met oë en vel deur beskermende oorklere te dra wanneer die produk gemeng word.
- Was met seep en water na gebruik en toevalige velkontak; so ook die besoedelde klere.
- In geval van kontak met oë, spoel onmiddellik uit met water.
- Was besoedelde klere na gebruik.
- Moet nie eet, drink of rook tydens vermenging of toediening van die produk of voordat die hande en gesig gewas is nie.
- Moet nie die sputnewel inasem nie en vermy kontak met sputstof.
- Voorkom sputstofwegdrywing na ander gewasse, weivelde, riviere, damme en plekke wat nie behandel moet word nie.
- Raak van waswater ontslae waar dit nie gewasse, weiding, riviere, damme of boorgate sal besoedel nie.
- Voorkom die besoedeling van voedsel, voer, drinkwater en eetgerei. Spoel die leë houer **drie keer** uit op die volgende manier: Keer die leë houer om oor die spuittenk of mengbak en dreineer vir minstens 30 sekondes nadat die vloeistof verminder het. Spoel die leë houer daarna drie keer uit met 'n volume water gelykstaande aan 'n minimum van 10% van die inhoud van die houer. Gooi die spoelwater by die inhoud van die spuittenk voordat die houer op die voorgeskrewe wyse vernietig word.
- Vernietig die leë houer en moet vir geen ander doel gebruik nie.

WEERSTANDSWAARSKUWING

Vir weerstandsbeduur is **SCORP** 'n groepkode A onkruiddoder. Enige populasie van 'n spesifieke onkruid mag individue insluit wat 'n natuurlike weerstand teen **SCORP**, of enige ander groepkode A onkruiddoder het. Indien hierdie onkruiddoders herhaaldelik aangewend word, kan die weerstandbiedende individue uiteindelik die onkruidpopulasie oorheers. Hierdie weerstandbiedende onkruidde sal waarskynlik nie deur **SCORP** of enige ander groepkode A onkruiddoder beheer word nie.

Om weerstand teen onkruiddoders te vertraag:

- Vermy die eksklusieve herhaalde gebruik van onkruiddoders met dieselfde groepkode. Wissel af met, of gebruik tenkmengsels van, produkte in verskillende onkruiddodergroepkodes.
- Integreer ander beheermaatreëls (chemies, verbouing, biologies) in onkruidebeheerprogramme.

Vir spesifieke inligting oor weerstandsbestuur kontak die registrasiehouer van hierdie produk.

Die teenwoordigheid van sulke weerstandbiedende onkruide is moeilik om te bepaal voordat die onkruiddoder toegedien word. Die registrasiehouer en verspreider kan dus nie verantwoordelikheid aanvaar vir enige verliese wat mag voortspruit uit swak onkruidebeheer van weerstandbiedende onkruidtipes nie. Waar weerstand bekend is, moet **SCORP** nie alleen toegedien word nie. Te lae dosisse van **SCORP** of ander asetiel KoA karboksilase inhibeerder-onkruiddoders sal lei tot onbevredigende onkruidebeheer wat kan bydra tot die ontwikkeling van onkruiddoderweerstand.

GEBRUIKSBEPERKINGS

- **SCORP** breek vinnig in die grond af en behoort nie 'n risiko vir opvolgewasse in te hou nie, maar dit word aanbeveel om mielies, sorghum, koring of enige ander grasgewas eers na drie maande na toediening van **SCORP** te plant.
- Reën of besproeiing binne 1 uur na 'n **SCORP** toediening, mag verlaagde doeltreffendheid op ontkiemende onkruide tot gevolg hê.
- **SCORP** moet nie toegedien word op gewasse en onkruide wat onderhewig is aan strestoestande as gevolg van abnormale weers- of groeitoestande, droogte, versuipstoestande, insekskade, aalwurminfeksies, siektes, voedingstekorte of gewasse onder stremming as gevolg van die gebruik van ander landbouchemikalieleë nie.
- Moet nie **SCORP** op gewasse toedien wat alreeds simptome van grondgedraagte siektes toon nie, want die kombinasie van die siekte en die **SCORP** toediening kan 'n standverlies tot gevolg hê.
- Tydelike blaarvergeling (chloroses) mag nou en dan op gewasblare voorkom, veral as toediening gevolg word deur baie koue/nie-seisoenale weerstoestande. Onder gunstige groeitoestande sal die gewas vinnig herstel en behoort die opbrengs nie beïnvloed te word nie.
- Moet nie **SCORP** op enige gewas of situasie toedien wat nie op hierdie etiket aangedui is nie.
- Dien **SCORP** slegs met veilige en akkurate toedieningsmetodes toe.
- Die gewas kan enige tyd behandel word solank die onthoudingsperiodes in ag geneem word.
- Grasonkruide moet aktief groeiend wees en nie deur droogtestres onderdruk word tydens of net na toediening nie, omdat dit opname en translokasie kan benadeel. Die beste resultate word verkry wanneer **SCORP** toegedien word wanneer eenjarige grasonkruide in die 2 – 6 blaarstadium is. Met *Paspalum spp.* word die beste resultate verkry met toediening in die voor-blomstadium.
- Moet nie **SCORP** saam met **Equate SL** gebruik nie.
- Moet nie per lug toedien as daar graangewasse of grasgewasse nabij is nie.
- Laat 'n interval van ten minste 14 dae toe tussen toediening van **SCORP** en enige ander onkruiddoder.

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS

Gebruik slegs soos aangedui.

MENGINSTRUKSIES

Maak die sputtenk halfvol met geskikte water. Vir beste resultate moet die sputtwater tussen pH 4.5 – 5.5 gebuffer wees. Indien die sputtwater gebuffer moet word, moet dit gedoen word voordat die **SCORP** bygevoeg word en die buffer moet by die totale sputtvolume bygetel word. Voeg die benodigde hoeveelheid **SCORP** in die sputtenk tydens roering gevolg deur die benodigde hoeveelheid benatter. Voeg daarna die ander middels, indien van toepassing, by. Vul die tenk met water tot die verlangde volume. Roer goed om vermenging te verseker voordat die mengsel toegedien word. As tenkmengsels met ander middels gemaak word, moet die betrokke vervaardiger se etiket gevolg word. **Die tenkmengsel moet onmiddellik uitgespuit word en nie toegelaat word om oornag in die sputtenk te staan nie.** Die sputtoerusting moet aan die einde van toediening deeglik uitgewas word.

VERENIGBAARHEID

Die verenigbaarheid van **SCORP** met ander produkte hang van die formulering van die betrokke produktes af, asook van die kwaliteit van die sputtwater. Deurdat die formuleringe van tyd tot tyd verander, word dit aanbeveel om 'n fisiese verenigbaarheidstoets uit te voer voordat die tenkmengsel gemaak word. Moet nie **SCORP** saam met **Equate SL** (L. 7158) toedien nie.

TOEDIENINGSMETODES

Maak seker dat die sputtoerusting korrek gekalibreer is en gaan gedurende toediening dit na om seker te maak dat die toediening egalig en akkuraat is.

Grondtoediening:

Rugsakspuite of konvensionele sputibalke kan gebruik word. 'n Totale sputtvolume van 200 – 400 ℓ/ha moet gebruik word vir grondtoediening en dit kan toegedien word met soliede- of holkeëlsputpunte. **Die mengsel moet aanhoudend en deeglik tydens toediening geroer word.** Gebruik slegs skoon water vir toediening.

Verhoed oortoediening deur oorvleueling van sputtbane te vermy, asook om die sputtpunte af te sluit wanneer die stelsel aangeskakel word, stadig beweeg, draai of tot stilstand kom.

Lugtoediening:

Lugtoediening mag slegs deur 'n geregistreerde lugbespuitingsoperator met 'n geregistreerde en korrek gekalibreerde vliegtuig volgens die instruksies van SANS 10118 (Aerial Application of Agricultural Pesticides) gedoen word. Dit is belangrik om te verseker dat die sputtmengsel eweredig oor die teikenarea versprei word en dat die verlies aan sputtmengsel tydens toediening tot 'n minimum beperk word. Die volgende kriteria moet nagekom word;

Toerusting

- Gebruik geskikte atomiseringsapparaat (hidroiese of roterende sputtkoppe) wat die vereiste druppelgrootte en bedekking van die teikenarea sal produseer, maar wat die minste verlies van produk deur wegdrywing sal verseker.
- Die operator moet 'n sputstelsel gebruik wat 'n druppelspektrum met die kleinste moontlike relatiewe span sal produseer.
- Al die sputtkoppe en atomiseerders moet in die binneste 75% van die vlerkspan geplaas word om die beweging van druppels binne-in die vlerkpuntvorteeks te beperk.

Toedieningsvereistes

- 'n Minimum volume van 50 ℓ sputtmengsel per ha word aanbeveel. Aangesien hierdie produk nie teen 'n verlaagde sputtvolume getoets is nie, kan die registrasiehouer nie effektiwiteit waarborg of verantwoordelik gehou word vir enige nadelige effek indien hierdie produk teen 'n laer volume as hierbo aanbeveel, uit die lug toegedien word nie.
- 'n Druppelbedekking van 40 - 50 druppels per vk cm moet op die teikenarea herwin word.
- 'n Druppelspektrum met 'n VMD van 250 – 350 mikron word aanbeveel. Verseker dat die produksie van fyn druppels, dié wat kleiner as 150 mikron is, tot 'n minimum beperk word.
- Die hoogte van die sputtblak moet tussen 3 en 4m bokant die teiken gehandhaaf word.
- Moet nie sputt wanneer die vliegtuig aan die bopunt van 'n draai is of tydens 'n duik of terwyl dit uitklim of draai nie.
- Dien toe voordat die gewas te ruig word aangesien dit die druppelbedekking op die plante sal verminder.

Meteorologiese Toestande

- Die verskil tussen die nat- en droëbollesing, soos met 'n swaai-higrometer bepaal, moet nie 8 °C oorskry nie.
- Moenie tydens turbulente en onstabiele weerstoestande toedien of gedurende die hitte van die dag wanneer stygende en dalende konveksie windbeweging plaasvind nie.
- Moenie onder temperatuurinversie-toestande (deur bokant of binne-in die inversielaaq te sput) toedien nie.
- Moenie sput indien die windspeed 15 km per uur oorskry nie.

Algemeen

- Sorg dat die lande akkuraat gemerk is en dat die sputoperator presies weet watter lande gesput moet word.
- Verkry 'n versekering van die sputoperator dat aan die bovenoemde vereistes voldoen sal word.

AANBEVELINGS

GEWAS	ONKRUIDSPESIES	DOSIS SCORP PER HEKTAAR
Kanola, droëbone, druwe, groente, lupiene (soet en bitter), lusern/medics, pynappels, sagtevrugte, sitrus, tabak.	<i>Avena fatua</i> (Gewone wildehawer) <i>Lolium tementulum</i> (Drabok) <i>Phalaris minor</i> (Kleinsaadkanariegras)	0.375
	<i>Bromus diandrus</i> (Predikantsluis) <i>Bromus japonicus</i> (Japanse Bromus) <i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> (Kruisvingergras) <i>Eleusine indica</i> (Jongosgras) <i>Echinochloa colona</i> (Moerasgras) <i>Triticum aestivum</i> (Opslagkoring) <i>Urochloa panicoides</i> (Beesgras)	0.5
	<i>Panicum schinzii</i> (Soetbuffelsgras)	0.75
	<i>Panicum maximum</i> (Buffelsgras)	1.0
	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> (Buffelskweek) <i>Paspalum paspaloides</i> (Kweek Paspalum) <i>Paspalum urvillei</i> (Langbeen Paspalum)	1.5
	<i>Setaria megaphylla</i> (Breeblaar Setaria)	4.0

Opmerkings

- Gewas en onkruid moet aktiefgroeiend wees en moet in die aanbevole groeistadium met bespuiting wees.
- Voeg altyd 'n nie-ioniese benatter teen die aanbevole dosis **SCORP** by.
- In geval van grasonkruide met oneweredige ontkieming, dien eerstens toe wanneer grasse ontkiem het en op die aanbevole groeistadium is, en dan 'n tweede bespuiting wanneer grasse weer begin ontkiem het en die aanbevole groeistadium bereik het.
- Grasse wat d.m.v. saad versprei word is gewoonlik makliker om te beheer as grasse wat d.m.v. wortelstokke versprei soos byvoorbeeld Johnsongras en kweekgras wat nie altyd goed beheer word nie. Met dié grassoorte, gebruik altyd die hoogste dosis en opvolgbespuitings mag dalk nodig wees.