



PHOSTEMIC 400 SL

BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT, READ THE LABEL CAREFULLY

PHOSTEMIC 400 SL

FUNGICIDE

Reg. No. L10458, Act/Wet No. 36 of/van 1947 1: 29/08/2018

A water soluble concentrate systemic fungicide for the control of certain fungal diseases on crops as listed.

'n Wateroplosbare vloeistof sistemiese swamdoder vir die beheer van siektes op gewasse soos aangedui.

FRAC FUNGICIDE GROUP CODE	33	FRAC SWAMDODERGROEPKODE
ACTIVE INGREDIENTS / AKTIEWE BESTANDDELE		
Phosphorous acid equivalent	400 g/l	Fosforigsuur ekwivalent
Potassium carbonate	560 g/l	Kaliumkarbonaat

Registration Holder / Registrasiehouer
Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd. / (Edms.) Bpk.
Reg. No. 2000/010819/0
P.O. Box / Posbus 436, Modderfontein, 1645, South Africa / Suid- Afrika

20l

UN Number: 3264

Meridian agritech

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ENCLOSED
REFER TO DETAILS AS PRINTED
ON CONTAINER / BAG

Batch Number
Date of manufacture

CAUTION/
VERSIGTIG

WARNINGS

Withholding periods

Allow the following number of days between last application and harvest:

Potatoes	21 days
Wine and Table Grapes.....	28 days
Citrus.....	28 days

IMPORTANT: The recommended withholding period between last application and harvest meets local residue level requirements. In several countries of the world (such as the USA and many Middle Eastern and Mediterranean countries) phosphorous acid formulations are regarded as fertilizers, for which MRL's are not required, and therefore no MRL values have been established or approved for phosphorous acid products. If treated crops are intended for export, consult the relevant exporting regulatory body regarding withholding periods before applying a **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** spray programme.

- Handle with care.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- May cause irritation to eyes and to skin.
- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
- Store under lock and key in original container tightly closed and in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from sources of ignition and away from foodstuffs, fertilisers and seeds.
- Keep out of reach from children, uninformed persons and animals.
- **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** has been tested on some of the most important commercial cultivars without any phytotoxic effects. More susceptible cultivars may be released in the future, which need to be tested; for this apply **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** to a limited test area before commercial applications are made.
- **Re-entry:** Do not enter treated area until spray deposit has dried unless wearing protective clothing.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label; and the occurrence of resistance of the disease against the remedy concerned; as well as by the method, time and accuracy of the application. The registration holder furthermore, does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment, or harm to man or animal; or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions; or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS

- Do not inhale fumes or spray mist.
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin. The use of protective equipment such as a face mask and suitable gloves is recommended.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while preparing or applying the spray mix, or before washing face and hands.
- Wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with non-abrasive soap and water after use, or in the case of accidental skin contact.
- Wash contaminated clothing after use.
- Avoid spray drift onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams and other areas not under treatment.
- Do NOT apply to areas where surface water is present.
- Prevent contamination of food, feed, drinking water and eating utensils.
- Clean equipment before and after use. Dispose of wash water where it will not contaminate crops, pastures, rivers, dams or other water sources.
- Container disposal: Invert the empty container over the spray tank and allow to drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed to a drip. Rinse the empty container three times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of a third of the container volume. Add rinsings to the contents of the spray tank before destroying the container in the prescribed manner. Destroy empty containers by perforating and flattening before disposal by an approved chemical waste disposal facility or at a licensed landfill site according to local regulations. If recycling, replace cap and take containers to

- the designated recycling point. Do NOT contaminate rivers by disposal. Open burning or dumping of the empty container and its contents are prohibited.
- DO NOT use the empty container for any other purpose.

MODE OF ACTION

Phosphorous acid is an environmentally friendly active that exhibits systemic action in a treated plant when applied as a foliar spray. This active functions as a direct fungicide by inhibiting oxidative phosphorylation in targets, thereby negatively impacting the metabolism and growth of fungal mycelia. Phosphorous acid also acts indirectly by inducing biochemical synthesis of natural defence proteins in a plant cell to fortify the plant against infection.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** is a group code 33 fungicide. Any fungus population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** and other group code 33 fungicides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the disease population if these fungicides are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi may not be controlled by **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** or any other group code 33 fungicide.

To delay fungicide resistance:

- Avoid exclusive, repeated use of fungicides from the same fungicide group code. Alternate or tank mix with registered products from different fungicide group codes.
- The choice of products to be used during one growing season should take the resistance strategy into consideration.
- Refer to individual product labels when alternating products or when using tank mixtures with registered products.
- Maintain fungicide use records for each field.
- Integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into disease control programmes.

Since the occurrence of resistance cannot be forecast, users are advised to keep treated crops under close observation. If treatment is not effective following the use of **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** as recommended, a resistant strain may be present. If a resistant strain is positively identified, consideration should be given to prompt use of a fungicide with a different mode of action, for which there is no record of resistance to the relevant disease. Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd will not accept any liability for performance failures in the event of a build-up of disease resistance resulting from inadequate resistance management practices as indicated on the label. For specific information on resistance management, contact the registration holder of this product or visit the FRAC website <http://www.frac.info/frac/index.html>.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Under severe drought conditions the uptake and activity of systemic products may be reduced. Therefore, **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** should not be applied during such conditions.
Applying PHOSTEMIC 400 SL to trees and vines under stress conditions, may cause a phytotoxic response which can damage both leaves and fruit. Stress conditions include heat stress, drought stress, stress caused by excess soil water and stress caused by heavy cropping.
- Only apply **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** to actively growing trees, vines and plants.
- Easy peeler citrus which tend to set very heavy crops should not be sprayed close to harvest.
- Do not apply **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** under conditions of oxygen deprivation at root level. These conditions can occur within six days after heavy rains, or at any time when the soil is saturated with water to the extent that oxygen is displaced for the soil profile.
- Do not apply **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** within 7 days of a copper application.
- **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** may be corrosive to metal. It is therefore recommended to use plastic or glass fibre containers.
- Treatment against *Phytophthora* root and collar rot is more effective when applied preventatively. **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** applications should preferably commence before the first visual symptoms of decline occur, and ideally not later than stage 4 on the 0 to 10 scale of decline as described in "Outspan Production Guidelines Part 3".

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Use only as directed.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Shake the container thoroughly immediately before use. Half fill the spray tank with clean water. Do not use brackish water. Whilst agitating, add the recommended amount of **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** to the spray water. Make sure that the **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** is completely dissolved before additional substances are added. If wetters are used, add these to the spray mixture last. Whilst agitating, continue filling the tank to the required volume. Ensure the mixture is homogenous before application and agitate before and during application. When using **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** in tank mix combinations, full cognisance must be taken of all warnings, precautions and directions for use on that particular product's label. First, mix small quantities of the products separately with water. Check for any signs of incompatibility such as flocculation etc. **Tank mixtures must be sprayed out immediately and not allowed to stand in the spray tank overnight.** If spraying is interrupted, the spray mixture in the tank should be agitated properly before spraying commences.

COMPATIBILITY

The compatibility of **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** with other products depends on the formulations of the respective products, as well as the quality of the spray water to be used. As formulations change from time to time, it is recommended that a physical compatibility test be done prior to the tank mixture being made. Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd cannot be held responsible for damage to crops resulting from tank mixtures with products or formulations not tested.

PHOSTEMIC 400 SL is compatible **Mancozeb 800 WP** (Reg.No. L9169, Act No. 36 of 1947). Tank mixes with Megafol, mineral oils, dimethoate, wettable sulphur, copper-containing products, high calcium containing products or highly alkaline products are not recommended. In the case of citrus, it is important that **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** is applied as an ultra-light cover spray. Pesticides and foliar feeds that require high volume spray applications are therefore regarded as being incompatible with **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** in practical terms.

RECOMMENDATIONS

CROP & DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE	REMARKS
CITRUS Root and Collar Rot (<i>Phytophthora spp.</i>)	Mix in a 50:50 ratio with water 500 mL/100L water	Trunk paint treatment: Treatment should be commenced just after the rainy season has started and should be repeated with 6-8 week intervals during the rainy season. PHOSTEMIC 400 SL's systemic translocation to the roots of citrus trees is improved if the application is not performed when the trees are flushing. It is recommended that under such conditions that the application is delayed until the new flush starts to harden off. Paint the whole trunk from the ground level upwards for ±35cm. If there is graft incompatibility, only paint the scion and lower scaffold branches. Wetting and absorption of PHOSTEMIC 400 SL can be improved by the addition of a wetter. Foliar application: Treatment should commence just after the rainy season has started and repeated at 6-8 week intervals. PHOSTEMIC 400 SL's systemic translocation to the roots of citrus trees is improved if the application is not performed when the trees are flushing. It is recommended that under such conditions that the application is delayed until the new flush starts to harden off. Apply as a light cover spray at 1800 to 2000 litres spray solution per hectare on medium to large trees. Too high spray volumes may result in inadequate control, due to loss through run-off.

		<p>Applying the product at higher dosages than recommended may also result in damage of the crop.</p> <p>A suitable wetter can be added to improve the wetting of the plants but should not be added in situations where a tank mix partner already contains a wetter as this may lead to over wetting. Leaves must be in a high turgidity condition to prevent scorching. Apply early morning or late afternoon. It is recommended to stop application about 1 hour before 30°C air temperatures are reached.</p>
POTATOES Late blight <i>(Phytophthora infestans)</i>	400 ml/100 L water	<p>Early season disease control is very important. In high risk areas, application should commence at 3 weeks post-emergence or earlier if conditions favour the development of the disease. These early sprays are best applied as directed sprays over the row.</p> <p>Repeat applications at 7 day intervals under conditions of high disease pressure.</p> <p>Apply as conventional high volume sprays and ensure complete coverage of the leaves and stems. Spray volumes of 500-600 L/ha are recommended at the first cover spray, which can increase to 1000 L at development of full canopy. Excessively dense canopies may require even higher spray volumes.</p> <p>Lower spray volumes can be used provided that the dosage rate of fungicides is maintained per hectare. It is recommended that the PHOSTEMIC 400 SL dosage per hectare should be 4.0 litres per hectare.</p>
TABLE AND WINE GRAPES Downy Mildew <i>(Plasmopora viticola)</i>	<p>From 10 to 15 cm shoot length up to pea berry stage: 300 – 500 ml/100L water</p> <p>PLUS</p> <p>Mancozeb 800 WP 120 – 200 g/100L water</p> <p>From pea berry stage to harvest: 300 ml/100L water</p>	<p>Apply when shoots are 10 to 15 cm long. Repeat every 10-14 days depending on the infection pressure. Under conditions that favour disease development spray intervals can be reduced to 7 days. Use the higher dosage rate for improved protection of the bunch. Spray until berries are pea-size, as continued application of the Phostemic 400SL/Mancozeb tank mix may result in visible spray deposit.</p> <p>If the foliage still needs protection after berries have reached pea-sized, under conditions of abnormally high disease pressure, it is recommended to continue application of Phostemic 400 SL on its own. Apply Phostemic 400 SL at a rate of 300 ml per 100 litres water for as long as necessary. The berry stems are still susceptible to infection even though the berries are resistant to infection after reaching pea-berry size. Infection of the stems later during the season may result in shrivelled berries.</p> <p>Apply as a normal high volume application to ensure thorough coverage of the leaves and bunches. It is not recommended to use too high spray volumes as this may result in inadequate control, due to loss through run-off. Applying the product at higher dosages than recommended may cause damage to crop.</p> <p>A suitable wetter can be added to improve the wetting of the plants, but should not be added in</p>

		situations where a tank mix partner already contains a wetter as this may lead to over wetting. Leaves must be in a high turgidity condition to prevent scorching. Apply early morning or late afternoon. It is recommended to stop application about 1 hour before 30°C air temperatures are reached.
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ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF TRADEMARKS

Mancozeb 800 WP (L 9169)

Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd

WAARSKUWINGS

Onthoudingsperiodes

Laat die volgende aantal dae toe tussen laaste toediening en oes:

Aartappels	21 dae
Wyn- en tafeldruwe.....	28 dae
Sitrus.....	28 dae

BELANGRIK: Die aanbevole onthoudingsperiode tussen laaste toediening en oes voldoen aan die vereistes van plaaslike residuvlakke. In verskeie lande in die wêreld (soos die VSA, Midde-Oosterse en Mediterreense lande) word fosforigsuurformulerings as 'n bemestingstof beskou, waarvoor daar nie maksimum residuvlakke (MRL) verlang word nie en daarom is daar geen MRL-waardes vir fosforigsuur produkte bepaal of goedgekeur nie. Indien behandelde gewasse uitgevoer gaan word, kontak die betrokke uitvoerbeheerliggaam rakende die onthoudingsperiodes alvorens 'n toediening met **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** in 'n sputprogram gemaak word.

- Hanteer versigtig.
- Skadelik indien ingesluk.
- Mag irritasie aan oë en vel veroorsaak.
- Giftig vir waterorganismes en mag langtermyn nadelige invloed op waterlewe veroorsaak.
- Bêre agter slot-en-grendel in die oorspronklike digsluitende houer in 'n koel, droë en goed geventileerde area.
- Bêre weg van bronne wat ontvlambaar is en weg van voedsel, kunsmis en saad.
- Hou buite bereik van kinders, oningesigte persone en diere.
- **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** is sonder enige fitotoksitsiteitskade op die mees belangrike kommersiële kultivars getoets. Meer sensitiewe kultivars mag in die toekoms vrygestel word en dan moet **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** eers op klein skaal getoets word, alvorens groot kommersiële bespuitings gemaak word.
- **Herbetreding:** Moenie behandelde gebied betree alvorens sputneerslag droog is nie, tensy beskermende oorklere gedra word.

Alhoewel hierdie middel omvattend onder 'n groot verskeidenheid toestande getoets is, waarborg die registrasiehouer nie dat dit onder alle toestande doeltreffend sal wees nie. Die werking en doeltreffendheid daarvan kan beïnvloed word deur faktore soos abnormale grond-, klimaats- en bergingstoestande; kwaliteit van verdunningswater, verenigbaarheid met ander stowwe wat nie op die etiket aangedui word nie en die voorkoms van weerstand van die siektes teen die betrokke middel, sowel as die metode, tyd en akkuraatheid van die toediening. Verder aanvaar die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelikheid vir skade aan gewasse, plantegroei, die omgewing of vir nadelige invloede op mens of dier of vir 'n gebrek aan prestaties van die betrokke middel as gevolg van die versium van die gebruiker om etiketaanwysings na te kom, of as gevolg van die ontstaan van toestande wat nie kragtens die registrasie voorsien kon word nie. Raadpleeg die verskaffer in die geval van enige onsekerheid.

VOORSORGMAATREËLS

- Vermy inaseming van dampe en sputnewel.
- Vermy kontak met oë en vel. Dra ondeurdringbare beskermende klere; 'n gesigskerm en gesikte handskoene word aanbeveel.
- Moenie eet, drink of rook tydens vermenging of toediening van die sputstof nie, of voordat gesig en hande gewas is nie.
- Was hande, arms en gesig deeglik met nie-skurende seep en water na gebruik, asook in die geval van toevallige aanraking met vel.
- Was besoedelde klere na gebruik.
- Verhoed wegdrywing van die sproeinewel na ander gewasse, weidings, riviere, damme of ander gebiede wat nie behandel word nie.
- MOENIE op gebiede waar oppervlakwater teenwoordig is, aanwend nie.
- Verhoed besoedeling van voedsel, voer, drinkwater en eetgerei.
- Maak toerusting voor en na gebruik skoon. Gooi die waswater weg waar dit nie gewasse, weidings, riviere, damme en ander waterbronnes sal besoedel nie.
- Leë houers moet **drie keer** uitgespoel word soos volg: Keer die leë houer oor die sputtenk of mengbak om en dreineer vir minstens 30 sekondes nadat die vloeい tot 'n gedrup verminder het. Spoel die houer daarna **drie keer** uit met 'n volume water gelykstaande aan 'n minimum van een derde van die houer. Gooi die spoelwater by die inhoud van die sputtenk voordat die houer op die

voorgeskrewe wyse vernietig word. Vernietig leë houers deur gate daarin te maak en dit plat te maak en vernietig dit volgens die plaaslike riglyne, verkieslik deur 'n goedgekeurde chemiese afvalverwyderings- of verbrandingsfasilititeit of stortingsterrein. Indien herwin word, plaas prop terug en laai die houers by die aanbevole herwinningspunt af. MOENIE riviere met afvalhouers besoedel nie. Die verbranding of weggooi van die leë houers of produk word verbied.

- MOENIE leë houers vir enige ander doel gebruik nie.

METODE VAN WERKING

Fosforigsuur is 'n omgewingsvriendelike aktiewe bestanddeel wat 'n sistemiese werking in behandelde plante openbaar wanneer dit as 'n blaarbepsuiting toegedien word. Hierdie aktief tree op as 'n direkte swamdoder deurdat dit oksidatiewe fosforilasie in die teiken inhibeer en daardeur 'n negatiewe impak op die metabolisme en groei van die swammiselium het. Fosforigsuur het ook 'n indirekte werking deurdat dit biochemiese sintese van natuurlike verdedigingsproteïene in 'n plantsel voortbring, wat die plant teen infeksies beskerm.

WEERSTANDSBESTUUR

Vir weerstandsbestuur is **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** 'n groepkode 33 swamdoder. Enige swampopulasie mag individue bevat wat natuurlike weerstand teen **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** of enige ander groepkode 33 swamdoder het. Die weerstandbiedende individue kan uiteindelik die siektepopulasie oorheers as hierdie swamdoder herhaaldelik aangewend word. Hierdie weerstandbiedende swamme sal waarskynlik nie deur **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** of enige ander groepkode 33 swamdoder beheer word nie.

Om weerstand teen swamdodders te vertraag:

- Vermy die eksklusieve herhaalde gebruik van swamdodders met dieselfde groepkode. Wissel af met, of gebruik tenkmengsels van, produkte in verskillende swamdoder-groepkodes.
- Die produkkeuses wat gedurende 'n groeiseisoen gebruik gaan word, moet die weerstandstrategie in ag neem.
- Sien toepaslike individuele produktikette wanneer daar tussen produkte of tenkmengsels met geregistreerde produkte afgewissel word.
- Hou swamdoderrekords vir elke veld.
- Integreer ander beheermaatreëls (chemies, verbouing, biologies) in swamdoderprogramme.

Aangesien die voorkoms van weerstandbiedendheid moeilik is om te bepaal, is dit uiters belangrik om die behandelde gewasse noukeurig te ondersoek. Indien die behandeling nie effektief was met die gebruik van **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** soos voorgeskryf nie, mag daar 'n weerstandbiedende-populasie teenwoordig wees. Indien so 'n weerstandbiedende-populasie positief geïdentifiseer word, moet daar onmiddellik 'n swamdoderbespuiting wat 'n ander werkswyse het, waar daar geen bewys van weerstand teen die siekte voorkom, gedoen word. Meridian Agrochemical Company (Edms.) Bpk. sal geen verantwoordelikheid aanvaar vir enige gebrek aan prestasie in die geval van die opbou van siekteweerstand as gevolg van onvoldoende weerstandsbesturspraktyke soos aangedui op die etiket nie. Vir spesifieke inligting oor weerstandsbestuur kan die registrasiehouer van hierdie produk gekontak word of die FRAC webwerf of <http://www.frac.info/frac/index.html> besoek word.

GEBRUIKSBEPERKINGS

- Onder erge droogtetoestande mag die opname en effektiwiteit van die sistemiese produk verlaag. Daarom moet die toediening van **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** nie onder sulke omstandighede gedoen word nie. Indien **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** toegedien word op bome en wingerde wat onder stremmingstoestande verkeer, mag dit 'n fitotoksiese reaksie op beide blare en vrugte veroorsaak. Strestoestande sluit hitte stres, droogte stres, stres veroorsaak deur oormatige grondvog en stres veroorsaak deur digte verbouing, in.
- Dien **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** slegs toe op aktief groeiende bome, wingerde en plante.
- Sagte-skil (easy peeler) sitrus wat baie swaar oeste dra moet nie naby oestyd gespuit word nie.
- Moenie **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** toedien waar suurstofarm toestande naby die wortelsone voorkom nie. Hierdie toestande kan binne ses dae na harde reënval voorkom, of enige tyd wanneer die gond versadig is met water en die suurstof deur die grondprofiel verplaas is.
- Moenie **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** binne 7 dae na 'n koperbespuiting toedien nie.
- **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** kan metaal wegvreet. Dit word aanbeveel om eerder plastiek of glasvesel houers te gebruik.
- Die behandeling teen *Phytophthora* wortel- en kraagvrot is meer effektief indien dit voorkomend geskied. **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** toedienings moet verkieslik voor die eerste waarneembare tekens

van agteruitgang geskied en eerder nie later as die 4de stadium op die 0 tot 10 skaal van agteruitgang soos beskryf in "Outspan Production Guidelines Part 3".

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS

Gebruik slegs soos aangedui.

MENGINSTRUKSIES

Skud die houer deeglik net voor gebruik. Vul die spuitenk halfvol met skoon water. Moenie brakwater gebruik nie. Voeg die verlangde hoeveelheid **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** by die spuitwater terwyl dit geroer word. Verseker dat die **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** heeltemal opgelos is voordat addisionele produkte bygevoeg word. Indien benatters gebruik word, voeg dit laaste by die spuitmengsel. Maak tenk tot by die verlengde volume vol terwyl roering plaasvind. Verseker dat die mengsel voor bespuiting homogeen is en roering moet deurgaans tydens bespuiting geskied. Indien **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** in tenkmengsels met ander produktes gebruik word, moet aandag aan al die waarskuwings, voorsorgmaatreëls en gebruiksaanwysings op daardie spesifieke produketiket gegee word. Eerstens moet 'n klein hoeveelheid van die produktes apart met water gemeng word. Let op vir enige tekens van onverenigbaarheid soos flokkulasie ens. **Tenkmengsels moet onmiddellik uitgespuit word en nie toegelaat word om in die spuitenk oornag te staan nie.** Indien bespuiting onderbreek word, moet deeglike roering plaasvind voordat met bespuiting voortgegaan word.

VERENIGBAARHEID

Die verenigbaarheid van **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** met ander produktes sal van die formulerings van die onderskeie produktes afhang, asook van die kwaliteit van die spuitwater wat gebruik word. Soos formulerings van tyd tot tyd verander, is dit raadsaam om eers 'n fisiese verenigbaarheidstoets te doen, voordat tenkmengsels gemaak word. Meridian Agrochemical Company (Edms.) Bpk. kan nie verantwoordelik gehou word vir skade aan gewasse a.g.v. tenkmengsels met produktes of formulerings wat nie getoets is nie.

PHOSTEMIC 400 SL is verenigbaar met **Mancozeb 800 WP** (Reg.No. L9169, Wet No. 36 van 1947). Tenkmengsels met Megafol, minerale olies, dimetoaat, benatbare swael, koperbevattende produktes, hoë kalsiumbevattende produktes of hoogs alkaliese produktes word nie aanbeveel nie. By sitrus, is dit belangrik dat **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** as 'n ultra-ligte dekbespuiting toegedien word. Plaagmiddels en blaarroedings wat hoë spuitvolumes vereis, word gevolglik as onverenigbaar met **PHOSTEMIC 400 SL** beskou.

AANBEVELINGS

GEWAS & SIEKTE	DOSIS	OPMERKINGS
SITRUS Wortel – en Kraagvrot (<i>Phytophthora spp.</i>)	Meng in 'n 50:50 verhouding met water 500 mL/100L water	Stamverf behandeling: Behandeling moet begin net nadat die reënseisoen begin het en moet met 6-8 weke intervalle gedurende die reënseisoen herhaal word. PHOSTEMIC 400 SL se sistemiese translokasie na die sitrusboom se wortels word verbeter indien die toediening nie gedoen word tydens nuwe groei (flushing) nie. Dit word aanbeveel om so 'n toediening te vertraag totdat die nuwe groei hard begin word. Verf die hele stam vanaf die grondoppervlakte ±35 cm opwaarts. Indien daar 'n ent-onverenigbaarheid is, moet slegs die onderstam en laer raamtakke geverf word. Benetting en absopsie van PHOSTEMIC 400 SL kan verbeter word met die byvoeging van 'n benatter. Blaartoediening: Behandeling moet begin net nadat die reënseisoen begin het en moet met 6-8 weke intervalle gedurende die reënseisoen herhaal word. PHOSTEMIC 400 SL se sistemiese translokasie na die sitrusboom se wortels word verbeter indien die toediening nie gedoen word tydens nuwe groei

		<p>(flushing) nie. Dit word aanbeveel om so 'n toediening te vertraag totdat die nuwe groei hard begin word.</p> <p>Dien toe as 'n ligte dekbespuiting in 1800 tot 2000 liter sputmengsel per hektaar op medium tot groot bome. Te hoë sputvolumes sal tot oneffektiewe beheer a.g.v. afloop lei. Indien die produk teen hoër dosisse as aanbeveel gebruik word, sal skade aan die gewas voorkom.</p> <p>'n Geskite benatter kan bygevoeg word om die benetting van die plante te verbeter, maar moet nie gedoen word waar die tenkmengsel alreeds 'n benatter bevat nie, aangesien dit tot oorbenetting mag lei.</p> <p>Blare moet in toestand van hoë vogspanning verkeer om sonbrand te verhoed. Dien vroegoggende of laatmiddae toe. Dit word aanbeveel om toediening te staak 1 uur voordat lugtemperatuur 30°C bereik.</p>
AARTAPPELS Laattroes (<i>Phytophthora infestans</i>)	400 mL/100 L water	<p>Vroeë seisoen beheer is baie belangrik. By hoë risiko-areas moet toediening 3 weke na-opkoms of vroeër geskied indien toestande gunstig is vir siekte-ontwikkeling. Hierdie vroeë bespuitings moet as gerigte spuite oor die ry wees.</p> <p>Herhaal toedienings met 7 dae intervalle in toestande waar hoë siekteredruk voorkom.</p> <p>Dien toe as konvensionele hoë volume bespuitings en verseker volledige bedekking van die blare en stamme. Sputvolumes van 500-600 L/ha word as die eerste dekbespuiting aanbeveel wat tot 1000 L verhoog kan word met die ontwikkeling van vol blaredak. Uitsonderlike digte blaredak kan selfs hoër volumes vereis.</p> <p>Laer sputvolumes mag gebruik word mits die swamddoder se dosis per hektaar gehandhaaf word. Dit word aanbeveel dat PHOSTEMIC 400 SL se dosis per hektaar 4.0 liter per hektaar moet wees.</p>
TAFEL- EN WYNDRUIWE Donsskimmel (<i>Plasmopora viticola</i>)	<p>Vanaf 10 tot 15 cm lootlengte tot by ertjiekorrelstadium: 300 – 500 mL/100L water</p> <p>PLUS</p> <p>Mancozeb 800 WP</p> <p>120 – 200 g/100L water</p> <p>Vanaf ertjiekorrelstadium tot oes: 300 mL/100L water</p>	<p>Dien toe wanneer die lootlengte 10 to 15 cm lank is. Herhaal elke 10-14 dae afhangende van die infeksiedruk. By toestande wat siekteontwikkeling bevorder kan sputintervalle na 7 dae verkort word. Gebruik die hoër dosis vir verbeterde beskerming van die tros. Spuit totdat die bessies ertjiekorrelgrootte bereik, aangesien aanhoudende toediening van Phostemic 400SL/Mancozeb tenkmengsels tot sigbare sputresidue mag lei.</p> <p>Indien die blare nog beskerming benodig nadat bessies ertjiekorrelstadium bereik het, onder toestande van abnormale hoë siekteredruk, word aanbeveel dat voortgegaan word met bespuiting van Phostemic 400 SL op sy eie. Dien Phostemic 400 SL toe teen 'n dosis van 300 mL per 100 liter water vir so lank as moontlik. Die bessielote is nog vatbaar vir infeksie al is die bessies weerstandig teen infeksie nadat ertjiekorrelgrootte bereik is. Infeksie op die late mag later in die seisoen uitgedroogde bessies tot gevolg hê.</p> <p>Dien as 'n normale hoë volume bespuiting toe om goeie bedekking van blare en trosse te verseker. Te hoë sputvolumes word nie aanbeveel nie, want</p>

		<p>dit sal lei tot onvoldoende beheer weens verlies aan afloop. Indien die produk teen hoër dosisse as aanbeveel gebruik word, sal skade aan die gewas voorkom. 'n Geskite benatter kan bygevoeg word om die benetting van die plante te verbeter, maar moet nie gedoen word waar die tenkmengsel alreeds 'n benatter bevat nie, aangesien dit tot oorbenetting mag lei.</p> <p>Blare moet in toestand van hoë vogspanning verkeer om sonbrand te verhoed. Dien vroeg oggende of laatmiddae toe. Dit word aanbeveel om toediening te staak 1 uur voordat lugtemperatuur 30°C bereik.</p>
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ERKENNING VAN HANDELSMERKE

Mancozeb 800 WP (L 9169)

Meridian Agrochemical Company (Edms.) Bpk.